INCORPORATION OF A TOWN AMENDMENTS
2010 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Gage Froerer
Senate Sponsor: Dennis E. Stowell
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions relating to the incorporation of a town.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul><li>amends notice requirements;</li></ul>
requires that the legislative body of a county, based on certain results of the
financial feasibility study:
• approve a petition to incorporate;
<ul> <li>deny a petition to incorporate;</li> </ul>
• impose conditions on the area proposed to be incorporated; or
• alter the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated; and
<ul><li>makes technical corrections.</li></ul>
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
10-2-125, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 350 and 388

Section 1. Section 10-2-125 is amended to read:

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30	10-2-125. Incorporation of a town.
31	(1) As used in this section:
32	(a) "Assessed value," with respect to agricultural land, means the value at which the
33	land would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section
34	59-2-503.
35	(b) "Financial feasibility study" means a study to determine:
36	(i) the projected revenues for the proposed town during the first three years after
37	incorporation; and
38	(ii) the projected costs, including overhead, that the proposed town will incur in
39	providing governmental services during the first three years after incorporation.
40	(c) "Municipal service" means a publicly provided service that is not provided on a
41	countywide basis.
42	(d) "Nonurban" means having a residential density of less than one unit per acre.
43	(2) (a) (i) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality, with a population
44	of at least 100 but less than 1,000, may incorporate as a town as provided in this section.
45	(ii) An area within a county of the first class is not contiguous for purposes of
46	Subsection (2)(a)(i) if:
47	(A) the area includes a strip of land that connects geographically separate areas; and
48	(B) the distance between the geographically separate areas is greater than the average
49	width of the strip of land connecting the geographically separate areas.
50	(b) The population figure under Subsection (2)(a) shall be determined:
51	(i) as of the date the incorporation petition is filed; and
52	(ii) by the Utah Population Estimates Committee within 20 days after the county
53	clerk's certification under Subsection (6) of a petition filed under Subsection (4).
54	(3) (a) The process to incorporate an area as a town is initiated by filing a request for a
55	public hearing with the clerk of the county in which the area is located.
56	(b) Each request for a public hearing under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
57	(i) be signed by the owners of at least five separate parcels of private real property,

58 each owned by a different owner, located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and 59 (ii) be accompanied by an accurate map or plat depicting the boundary of the 60 proposed town. 61 (c) Within 10 days after a request for a public hearing is filed under Subsection (3)(a), 62 the county clerk shall, with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk 63 requests assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of 64 Subsection (3)(b). 65 (d) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) fails to comply with 66 the requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall reject the request and deliver written 67 notice of the rejection to the signers of the request. 68 (e) (i) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) complies with the 69 requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall: 70 (A) schedule and arrange for a public hearing to be held: 71 (I) (Aa) at a public facility located within the boundary of the proposed town; or 72 (Bb) if there is no public facility within the boundary of the proposed town, at another 73 nearby public facility or at the county seat; and 74 (II) within 20 days after the clerk provides the last notice required under Subsection 75 (3)(e)(i)(B); and 76 (B) subject to Subsection (3)(e)(ii), give notice of the public hearing on the proposed incorporation by: 77 78 (I) posting notice of the public hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county 79 has an Internet website; [and] 80 (II) (Aa) [(Hi)] publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two 81 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; [and] or 82 [(Hii) publishing notice of the public hearing in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for 83 two weeks; or] 84 (Bb) [in accordance with Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(H)(Aa)(Ii),] if there is no newspaper

of general circulation within the proposed town, posting notice of the public hearing in at least

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86	five conspicuous public places within the proposed town[-]; and
87	(III) publishing notice of the public hearing in accordance with Section 63F-1-701 on
88	the Utah Public Notice Website.
89	(ii) The posting of notice required under [Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(I) and, if applicable,
90	Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(II)(Bb) and the first publishing of notice required under Subsection
91	(3)(e)(i)(B)(II)(Aa), if applicable] Subsections (3)(e)(i)(B)(II)(Aa) and (3)(e)(i)(B)(III), and if
92	applicable, Subsections (3)(e)(i)(B)(I) and (3)(e)(i)(B)(II)(Bb), shall occur no later than 10
93	days after the day on which the clerk determines that a request complies with the requirements
94	of Subsection (3)(b).
95	(iii) Each public hearing under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(A) shall be conducted by the chair
96	of the county commission or council, or the chair's designee, to:
97	(A) introduce the concept of the proposed incorporation to the public;
98	(B) allow the public to review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;
99	(C) allow the public to ask questions and become informed about the proposed
100	incorporation; and
101	(D) allow the public to express their views about the proposed incorporation,
102	including their views about the boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated.
103	(4) (a) At any time within three months after the public hearing under Subsection
104	(3)(e), a petition to incorporate the area as a town may be filed with the clerk of the county in
105	which the area is located.
106	(b) Each petition under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
107	(i) be signed by:
108	(A) the owners of private real property that:
	(A) the owners of private real property that.
109	(I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated;
<ul><li>109</li><li>110</li></ul>	
	(I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated;
110	<ul><li>(I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated;</li><li>(II) covers a majority of the total private land area within the area;</li></ul>

private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated; and

(B) a majority of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town, according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date the petition is filed;

- (ii) designate as sponsors at least five of the property owners who have signed the petition, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address of each owner signing as a sponsor;
- (iii) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a licensed surveyor, showing a legal description of the boundary of the proposed town; and
  - (iv) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:
- PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed town)

To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which the proposed town is located) County, Utah:

We, the undersigned owners of real property and registered voters within the area described in this petition, respectfully petition the county legislative body for the area described in this petition to be incorporated as a town. Each of the undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real property or a registered voter residing within the described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly written after the signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a town is described as follows: (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).

- (c) A petition under this Subsection (4) may not describe an area that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 that:
  - (i) was filed before the filing of the petition; and
  - (ii) is still pending on the date the petition is filed.
- (d) A petition may not be filed under this section if the private real property owned by the petition sponsors, designated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii), cumulatively exceeds 40% of the total private land area within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town.

142	(e) A signer of a petition under this Subsection (4) may withdraw or, after withdrawn,
143	reinstate the signer's signature on the petition:
144	(i) at any time until the county clerk certifies the petition under Subsection (6); and
145	(ii) by filing a signed, written withdrawal or reinstatement with the county clerk.
146	(5) (a) If a petition is filed under Subsection (4)(a) proposing to incorporate as a town
147	an area located within a county of the first class, the county clerk shall deliver written notice of
148	the proposed incorporation:
149	(i) to each owner of private real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value
150	of all private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town; and
151	(ii) within seven calendar days after the date on which the petition is filed.
152	(b) A private real property owner described in Subsection (5)(a)(i) may exclude all or
153	part of the owner's property from the area proposed to be incorporated as a town by filing a
154	notice of exclusion:
155	(i) with the county clerk; and
156	(ii) within 10 calendar days after receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection (5)(a).
157	(c) The county legislative body shall exclude from the area proposed to be
158	incorporated as a town the property identified in the notice of exclusion under Subsection
159	(5)(b) if:
160	(i) the property:
161	(A) is nonurban; and
162	(B) does not and will not require a municipal service; and
163	(ii) exclusion will not leave an unincorporated island within the proposed town.
164	(d) If the county legislative body excludes property from the area proposed to be
165	incorporated as a town, the county legislative body shall send written notice of the exclusion to
166	the contact sponsor within five days after the exclusion.
167	(6) Within 20 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (4), the county clerk
168	shall:
169	(a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests

170	assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (4);
171	and
172	(b) (i) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with those requirements:
173	(A) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body
174	and
175	(B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to:
176	(I) the contact sponsor;
177	(II) if applicable, the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any
178	part of the area proposed for incorporation is located; and
179	(III) the Utah Population Estimates Committee; or
180	(ii) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of those
181	requirements, reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and
182	the reasons for the rejection.
183	(7) (a) (i) A petition that is rejected under Subsection (6)(b)(ii) may be amended to
184	correct a deficiency for which it was rejected and then refiled with the county clerk.
185	(ii) A valid signature on a petition filed under Subsection (4)(a) may be used toward
186	fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection (4)(b) for the same petition that is amended
187	under Subsection (7)(a)(i) and then refiled with the county clerk.
188	(b) If a petition is amended and refiled under Subsection (7)(a)(i) after having been
189	rejected by the county clerk under Subsection (6)(b)(ii):
190	(i) the amended petition shall be considered as a newly filed petition; and
191	(ii) the amended petition's processing priority is determined by the date on which it is
192	refiled.
193	(8) (a) (i) The legislative body of a county with which a petition is filed under
194	Subsection (4) may, at its option and upon the petition being certified under Subsection (6),
195	commission and pay for a financial feasibility study.
196	(ii) If the county legislative body chooses to commission a financial feasibility study,
197	the county legislative body shall:

198	(A) within 20 days after the incorporation petition is certified, select and engage a
199	feasibility consultant; and
200	(B) require the feasibility consultant to complete the financial feasibility study and
201	submit written results of the study to the county legislative body no later than 30 days after the
202	feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the financial feasibility study.
203	(b) [The] If the county legislative body has commissioned a financial feasibility study
204	under Subsection (8)(a)(i), the county legislative body shall approve a petition proposing the
205	incorporation of a town and hold an election for town officers, as provided in Subsection (9),
206	if:
207	(i) the county clerk has certified the petition under Subsection (6); and
208	[(ii) (A) (I) the county legislative body has commissioned a financial feasibility study
209	under Subsection (8)(a); and]
210	[(H)] (ii) (A) the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection
211	(8)(a)(i) show that the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection $(1)(b)(i)$
212	does not exceed the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more
213	than [ <del>10%</del> ] <u>15%</u> ; or
214	[(B) the county legislative body chooses not to commission a financial feasibility
215	study.]
216	(B) the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i) show
217	that the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) does not exceed the
218	average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%.
219	(c) (i) If [the county legislative body commissions a financial feasibility study under
220	Subsection (8)(a) and] the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection
221	(8)(a)(i) show that the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection $(1)(b)(i)$
222	exceeds the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than
223	[10%] 15%, the county legislative body may:
224	(A) deny the petition, [subject to] in accordance with Subsection (8)(c)[(ii)](iii), if the
225	results of the financial feasibility study show that the average annual amount of revenues

226	described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) exceeds the average annual amount of costs described in
227	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by [25% or more;] more than 15%; or
228	[(B) approve the petition and hold an election for town officers, as provided in
229	Subsection (9); or]
230	[(C)] (B) (I) with the consent of the petition sponsors:
231	(Aa) impose conditions to [mitigate the fiscal inequities identified in the financial
232	feasibility study] prevent the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection
233	(1)(b)(i) from exceeding the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii)
234	by more than 15%; or
235	(Bb) alter the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town to
236	approximate the boundaries necessary to prevent the average annual amount of revenues
237	described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) from exceeding the average annual amount of costs described
238	in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; and
239	(II) approve the incorporation petition and hold an election for town officers, as
240	provided in Subsection (9).
241	(ii) If the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
242	show that the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) exceeds the
243	average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%, the
244	county legislative body shall:
245	(A) approve the petition;
246	(B) deny the petition in accordance with Subsection (8)(c)(iii); or
247	(C) (I) with the consent of the petition sponsors:
248	(Aa) impose conditions to prevent the average annual amount of costs described in
249	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) from exceeding the average annual amount of revenues described in
250	Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%; or
251	(Bb) alter the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town to
252	approximate the boundaries necessary to prevent the average annual amount of costs described
253	in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) from exceeding the average annual amount of revenues described in

254	Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%; and
255	(II) approve the incorporation petition and hold an election for town officers, as
256	provided in Subsection (9).
257	[(iii)] (iii) A county legislative body intending to deny a petition under Subsection
258	(8)(c)(i)(A) or $(8)(c)(ii)(B)$ shall deny the petition within 20 days after the feasibility
259	consultant submits the written results of the financial feasibility study.
260	(d) Each town that incorporates pursuant to a petition approved after the county
261	legislative body imposes conditions under Subsection $(8)(c)(i)[(C)(i)](B)(I)(Aa)$ or
262	(8)(c)(ii)(C)(I)(Aa) shall comply with those conditions.
263	(9) (a) The legislative body of the county in which the proposed new town is located
264	shall hold the election for town officers provided for in Subsection (8) within:
265	[(i) 45 days after the petition is certified, for an election under Subsection
266	<del>(8)(b)(ii)(B);</del> ]
267	[(ii)] (i) 45 days after the day on which the feasibility consultant submits the written
268	results of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection $(8)(b)[\frac{(ii)(A)}{or}]$
269	$\frac{(8)(c)(i)(B)}{(a)}$ ; or
270	[(iii)] (ii) 60 days after the day on which the feasibility consultant submits the written
271	results of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection $(8)(c)(i)[(C)](B)(II)$
272	or $(8)(c)(ii)(B)(II)$ .
273	(b) The officers elected at an election under Subsection (9)(a) shall take office:
274	(i) at noon on the first Monday in January next following the election, if the election is
275	held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or
276	(ii) at noon on the first day of the month next following the effective date of the
277	incorporation under Subsection (12), if the election of officers is held on any other date.
278	(10) Each newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form
279	of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
280	(11) The mayor-elect of the future town shall:
281	(a) within 30 days after the canvass of the election of town officers under Subsection

282	(9), file with the lieutenant governor:
283	(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section
284	67-1a-6.5, that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
285	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
286	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of incorporation under
287	Section 67-1a-6.5:
288	(i) if the town is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder
289	of that county the original:
290	(A) notice of an impending boundary action;
291	(B) certificate of incorporation; and
292	(C) approved final local entity plat; or
293	(ii) if the town is located within the boundaries of more than a single county, submit
294	the original of the documents listed in Subsections (11)(b)(i)(A), (B), and (C) to one of those
295	counties and a certified copy of those documents to each other county.
296	(12) (a) A new town is incorporated:
297	(i) on December 31 of the year in which the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
298	incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under Subsection (9) is
299	held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or
300	(ii) on the last day of the month during which the lieutenant governor issues a
301	certificate of incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under
302	Subsection (9) is held on any other date.
303	(b) (i) The effective date of an incorporation for purposes of assessing property within
304	the new town is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
305	(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (11)(b) are recorded in the office of the
306	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly incorporated town may not:
307	(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the town;
308	(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the town; or
309	(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the town.

310	(13) For each petition filed before March 5, 2008:
311	(a) the petition is subject to and governed by the law in effect at the time the petition
312	was filed; and
313	(b) the law in effect at the time the petition was filed governs in all administrative and
314	judicial proceedings relating to the petition.

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